

Based on The Joint Commission Requirements

Applicable to the following Accreditation Programs: (X) Hospital (X) Critical Access Hospital () Behavioral Health (X) Ambulatory Care (X) Office Based Surgery () Disease Specific Certification () Staffing Certification

1. Ensure you engage the entire team- no exceptions.

2. Have Anesthesiology conduct the drill:

- Run down medical history and review current event/situation/status.
- Ask staff to identify key pieces of information gathered from the medical history review and current-status synopsis. Discuss any identified opportunities was there any information that we should have considered as "early warning"?

3. Assigns Roles and Responsibilities:

- Who gathers needed equipment and cart?
- Who serves as recorder?
- Who assesses vital signs?
- Who mixes medications?
- Who administers medications?
- Who draws blood or gathers specimens?
- Who communicates with the patient's family/caregiver?

4. Conduct the drill with the least number of staff that could be available. (Worst Case Scenario)

5. Consider developing and distributing Role Cards with assignments listed on the card:

- Equipment Gatherer Card could list the location of each item they must gather and bring to the scene.
- Event Recorder could include the documentation tool designed specifically for this type of event.
- Medication Admixer could include the dosage guideline and mixing instruction.

6. Consider injecting another emergency factor:

- Power Outage in the Operative Suite?
- Second Malignant Hyperthermia Case?
- Anesthesia Team member attending to patient suffers medical emergency?

7. Consider and Discuss Lessons Learned with the team:

- Celebrate successes
- Learn from Opportunities
- Document results

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